A FLORFENICOL THAT'S EASY TO INJECT, EVEN ON COLD MORNINGS....

Florkem®

With the responsible move away from CIAs for the treatment of Bovine Respiratory Disease (BRD), florfenicol is not used in human medicine and is not classified as a critically important antibiotic^{1,2}

2 hour:

WHAT HAS FLORKEM® GOT TO OFFER?

Rapidly penetrates into bronchial secretions

- Maximum concentration reached 2 hours following injection³
- Marked reduction in rectal temperature observed within 24 hours⁴

The graph to the right shows the flor fenicol levels in bronchial secretions following intramuscular injection at 0h and $48h^3$



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The graph above shows the clinical score of calves with BRD decreases over 3 fold within 24 hours following florfenicol treatment⁶



Unparalleled syringeability

Florkem[®] is easy to inject, even at low temperatures, reducing the chance of dosing errors and possible muscle trauma7

Promotes the responsible use of antibiotics

- Not used for the treatment of humans
- Recent European data reported no change in the very high susceptibility in target pathogens⁵

Florkem[®] is delivered in Ceva CLAS vials:

- · CLAS vials are shock-resistant resulting in fewer breakages if dropped9
- CLAS vials are ergonomically designed¹⁰ and are light-weight for ease of handling¹¹

Florkem[®] is licenced for:

- . Cattle - treatment of respiratory tract infections due to Mannheimia haemolytica, Pasteurella multocida and Histophilus somni susceptible to florfenicol
- Pigs treatment of acute outbreaks of swine respiratory infections caused by strains of Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae and Pasteurella multocida susceptible to florfenicol



The graph above compares the syringeability of Florkem to the florfenicol 'reference product' and a generic at 4°C and 20°C⁷



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References: 1. WHO Critically important antimicrobials for human medicine, 5th revision. 2017 • 2, EMA Antimicrobial Resistance in Veterinary Medicine. https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/veterinary-regulatory/overview/antimicorbial-resistance in ectivation in portain and on both minimized and solution by the external of the external Sci 124:10-12 • 6. Hoar BR, Jelinski MD, Ribble CS, Janzen ED, Johnson JC (1998) A comparison of the clinical field efficacy and safety of florfenicol and tilmicosin for the treatment of undifferentiated bovine respiratory disease of cattle in western Canada. Can. Vet. J. 39:161-166. • 7. Manteca C, Lacoste S, Riboud C, Remmy D (2011) Comparison of injectability of 4 different formulations of florfenicol. European Buiatrics Forum, Marseille. 189. • 8. Lacoste (2011) Study Report Ceva Sante Animal Health. GAL-SLA-C581.0-11030-N. • 9. Cavaroc P. J. et al. Comparative breakage study of injectable anti-infectives vials under vertical drop test by free fall under standardized conditions. IPVS Congress, 2012, 100 • 10. S vials reference book (2012). Section 5.2: Artis Factis and Ceva developed hand zone ergonomic study (2003). P16 • 11. CLAS vials reference book (2012). Section 5.4: Comparison of the weight of CLAS vials vs. glass vials showing that CLAS vials are 6 X lighter than glass vials of the same size. P19

FLORKEM* 300 mg/ml solution for injection for cattle and pigs. Each ml contains 300 mg florfenicol. Legal Category: UK [POM-V] IE [POM] Please refer to the product packaging and leaflets for information about side effects, precautions, warnings and contra-indications. Further information is available from the SPC or on the datasheet.

Prescription decisions are for the person issuing the prescription alone. Use medicines responsibly (www.noah.co.uk/responsible)

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PRACTICAL INNOVATION IN THE MANAGEMENT OF HEALTH